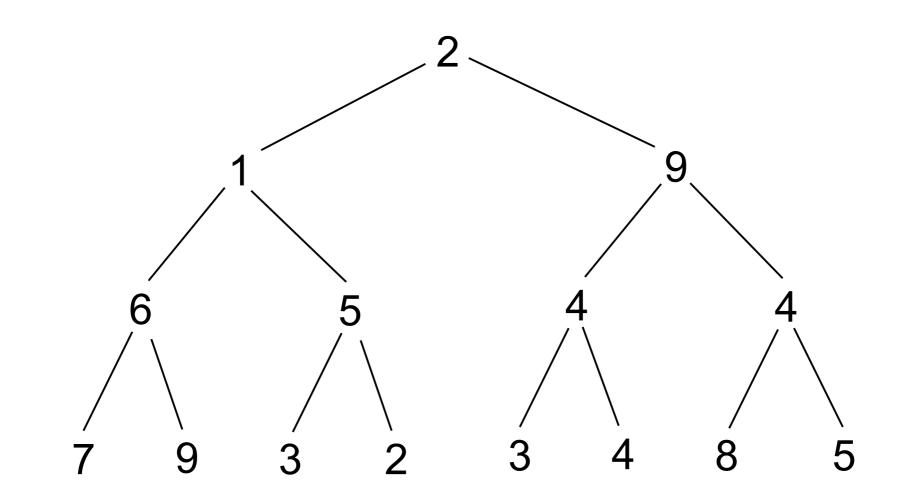
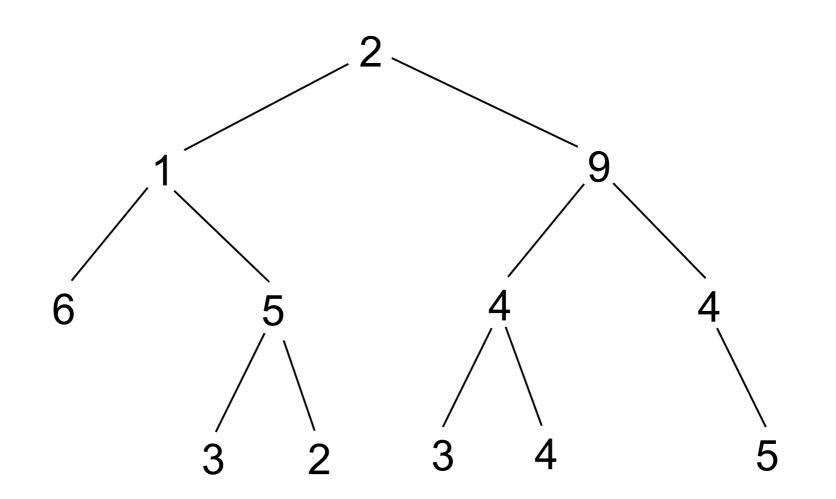
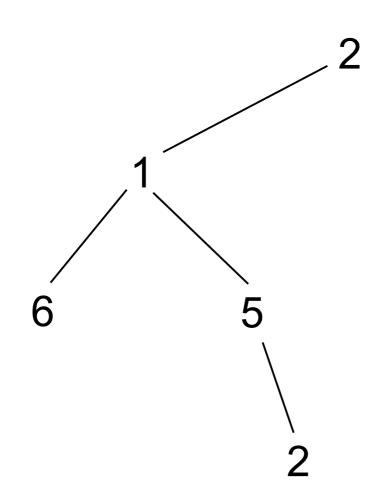
## **Binary Trees**

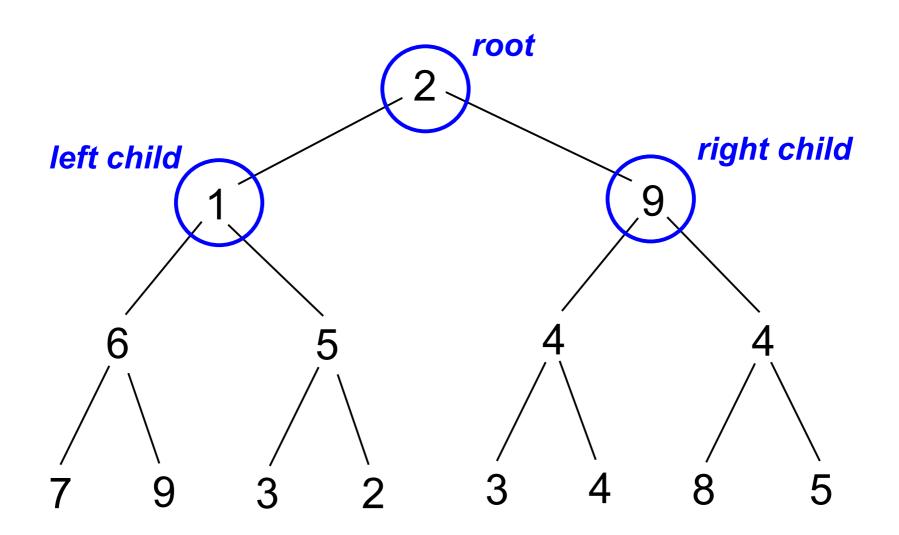


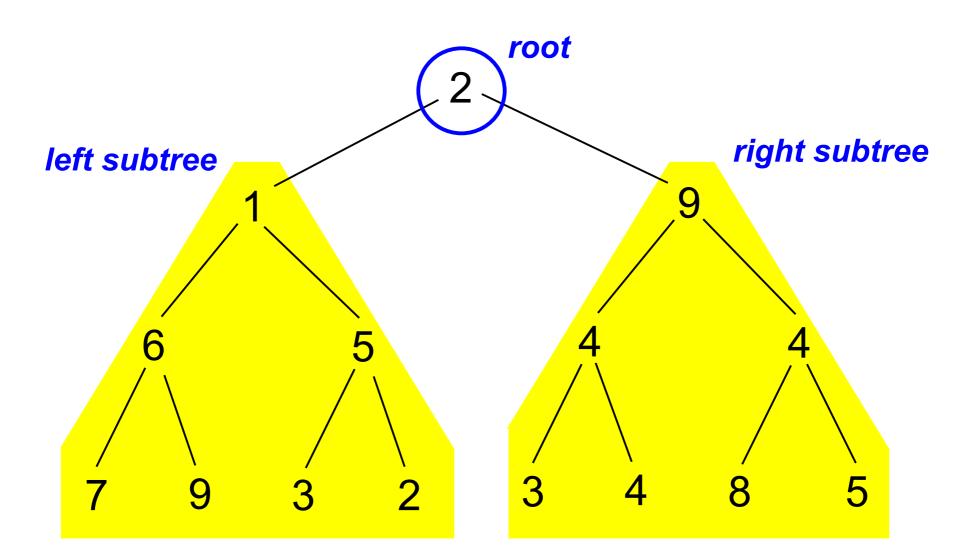
## **Binary Trees**

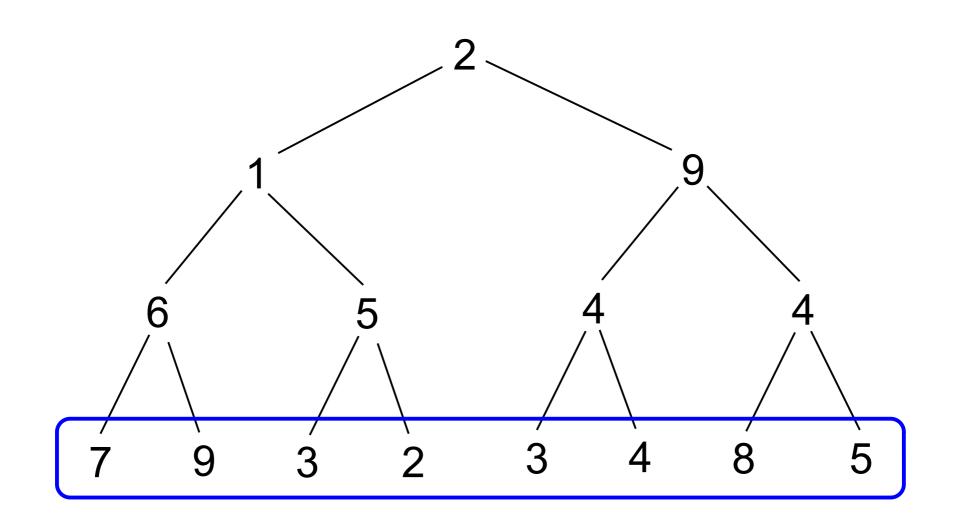


## **Binary Trees**



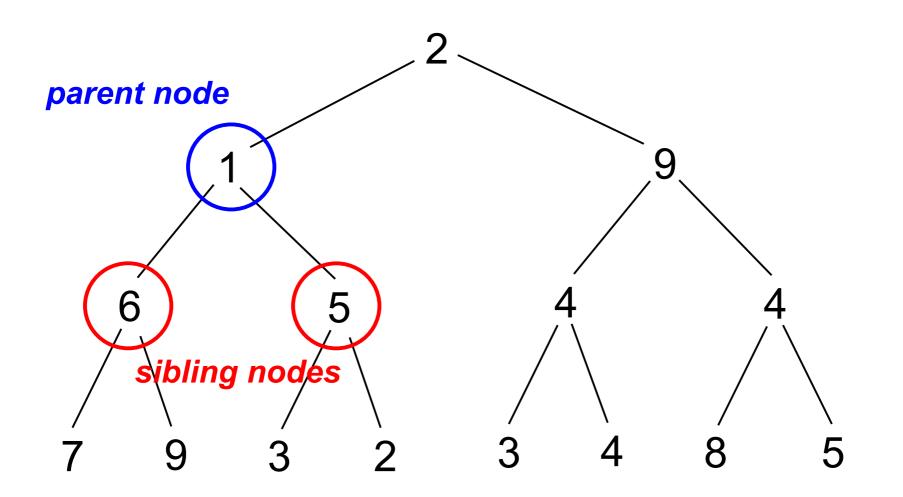


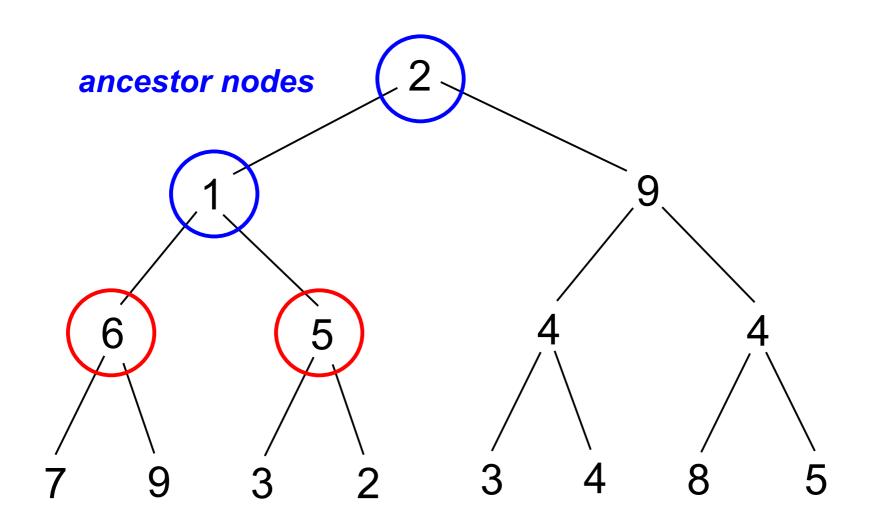




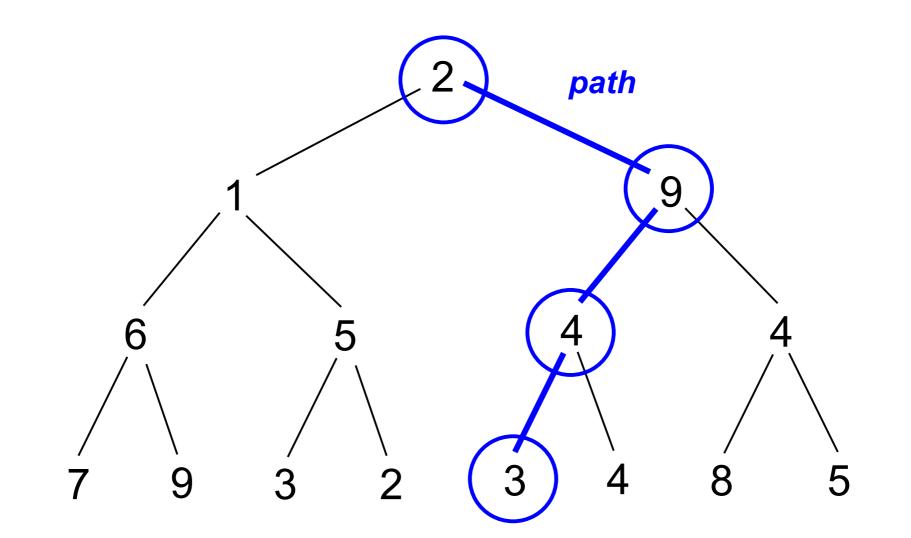
leaf nodes

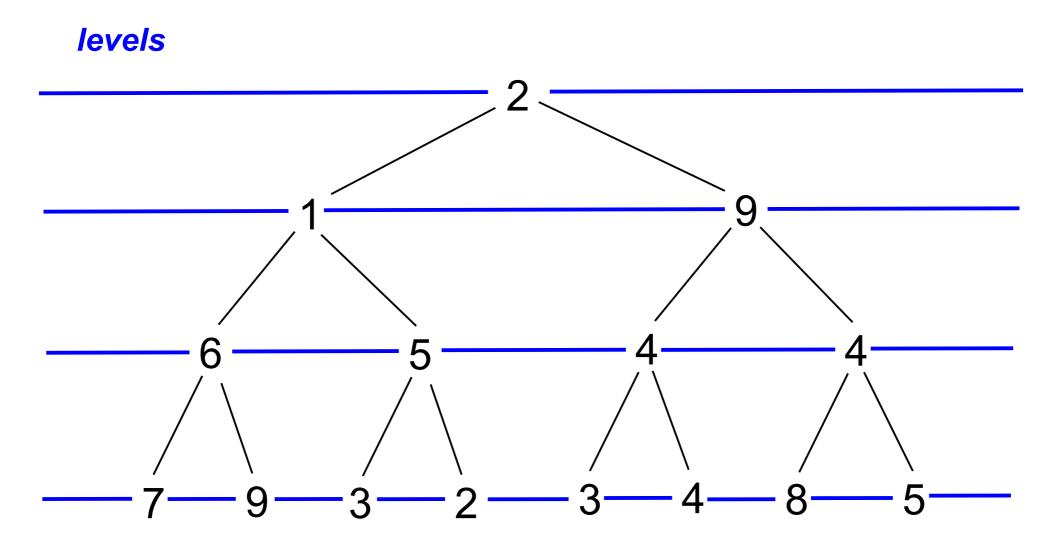
#### Terminology interior nodes

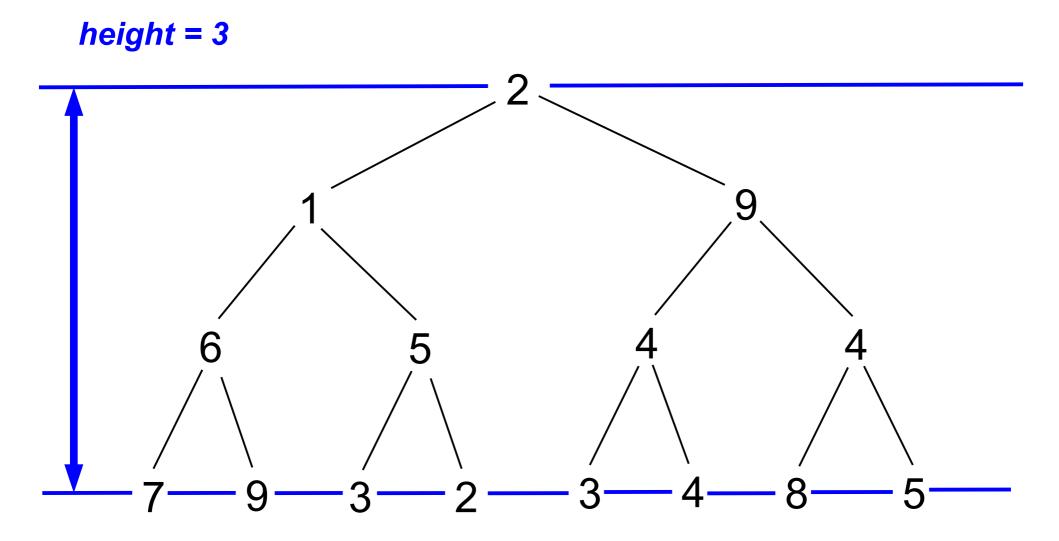




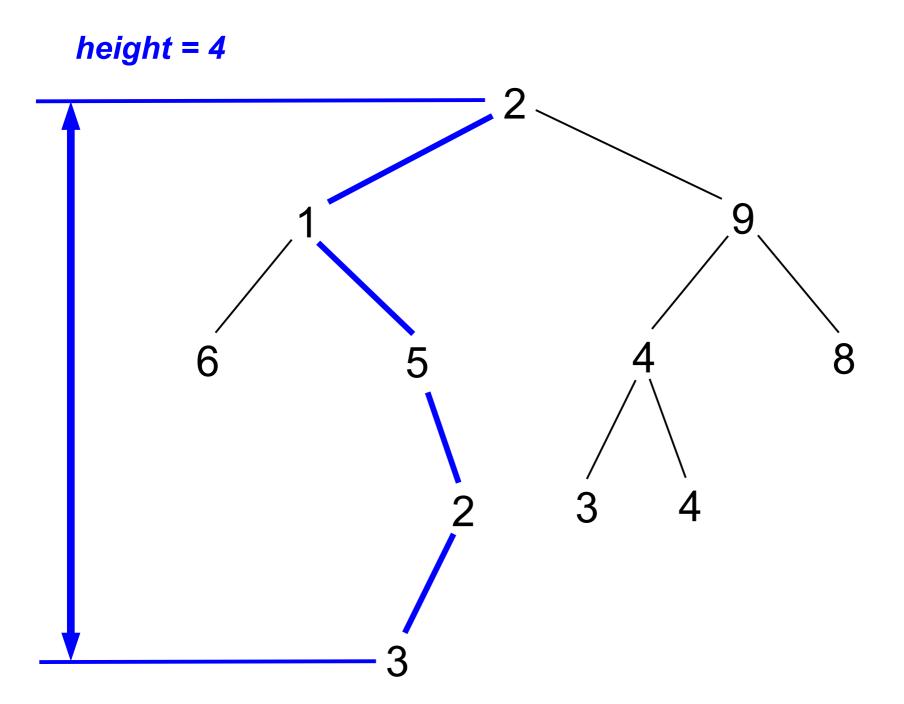
descendant nodes

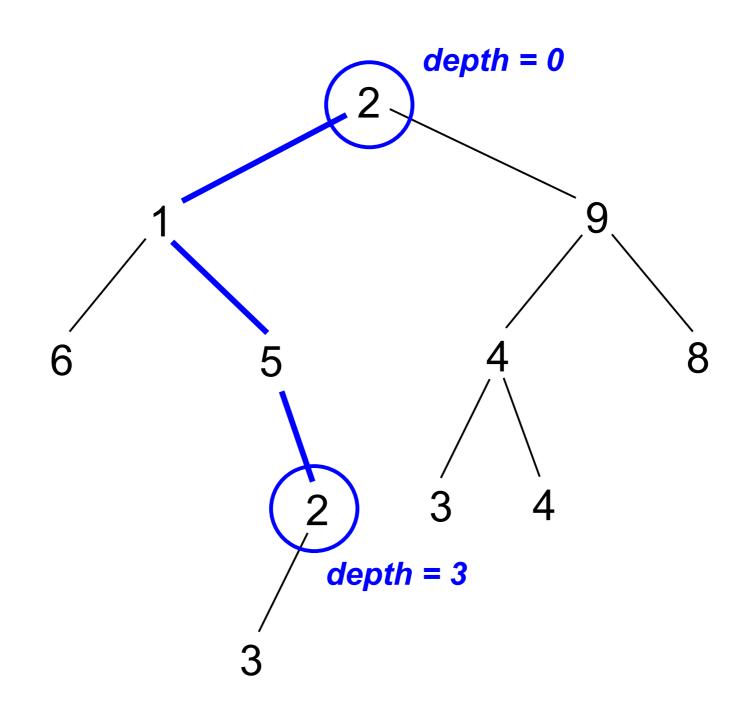






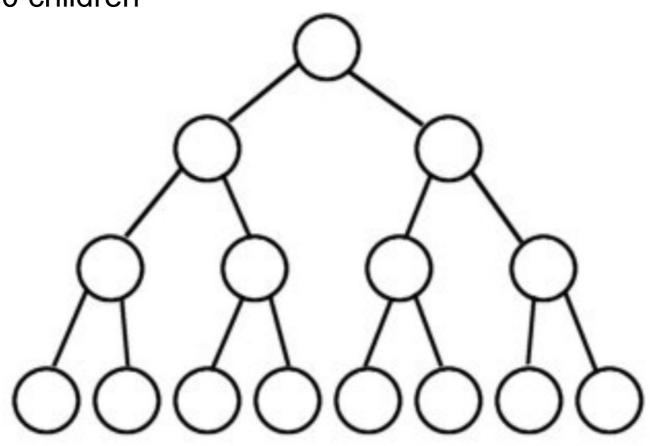
Note: this usage differs from the book's usage



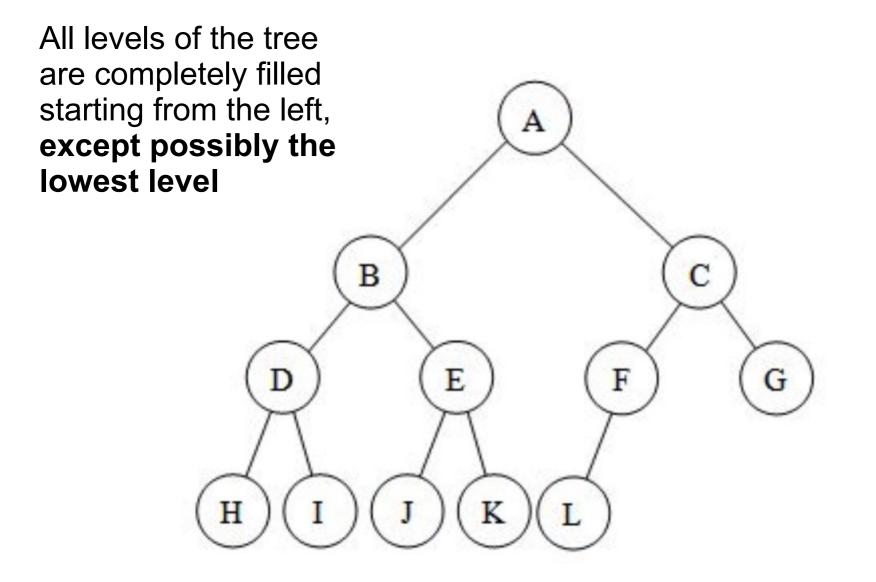


## **Full** Binary Tree

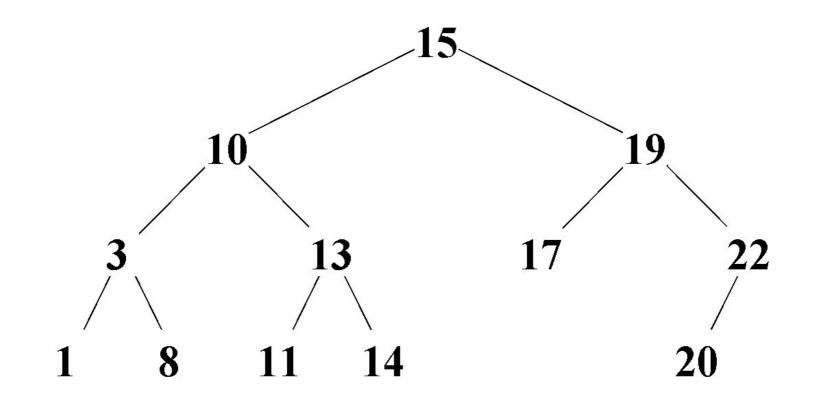
All nodes have either 2 or 0 children



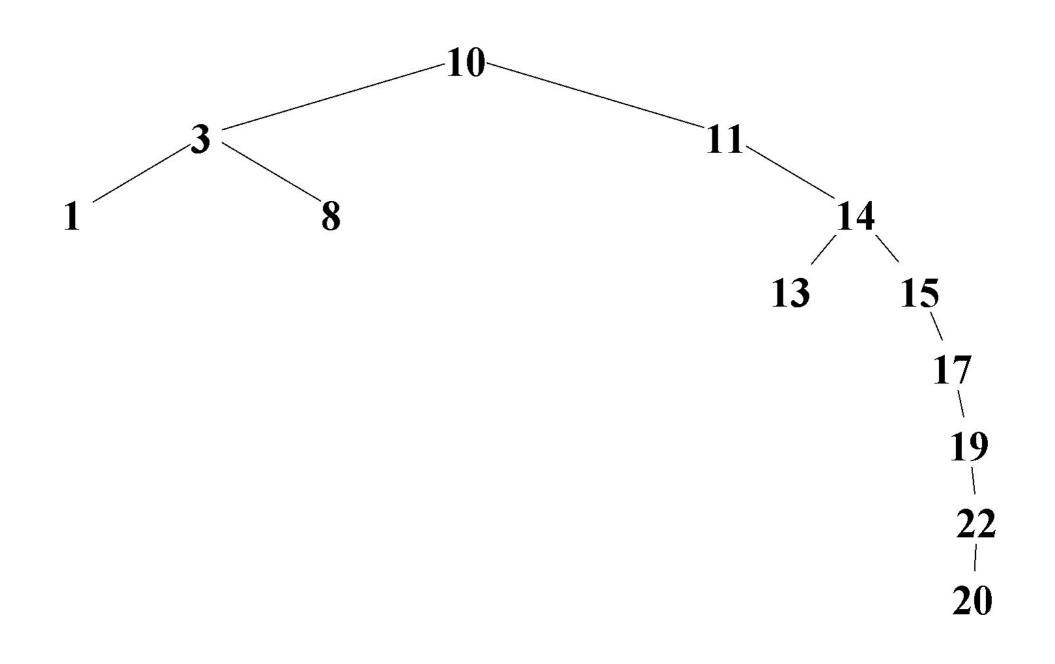
### **Complete** Binary Tree



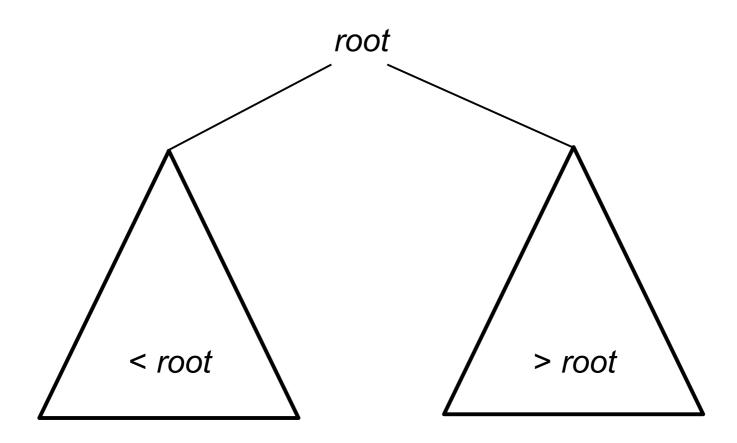
## **Balanced** Binary Tree

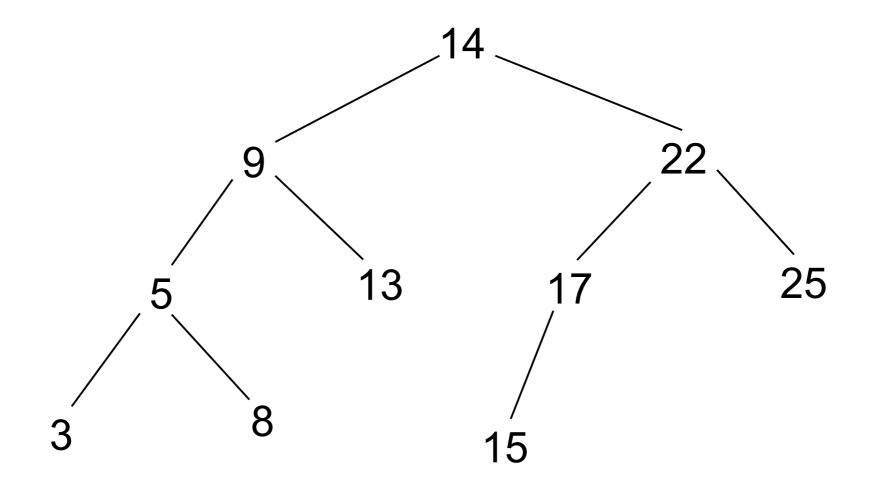


### **Unbalanced** Binary Tree

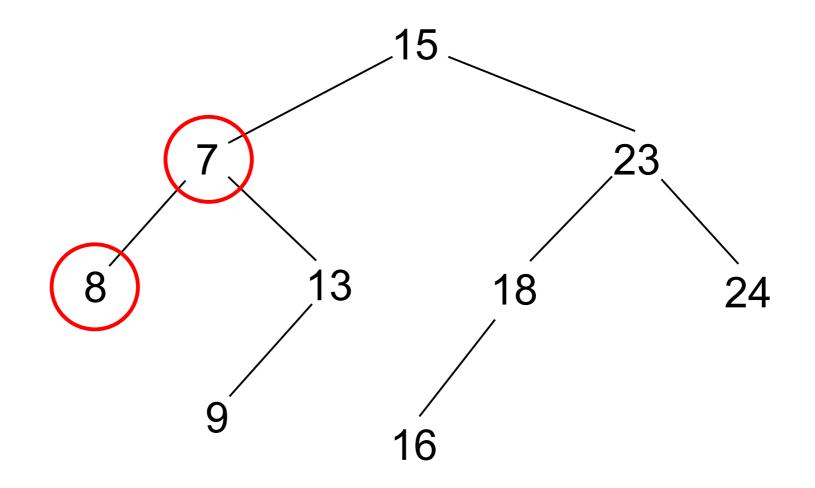


## **Binary Search** Trees

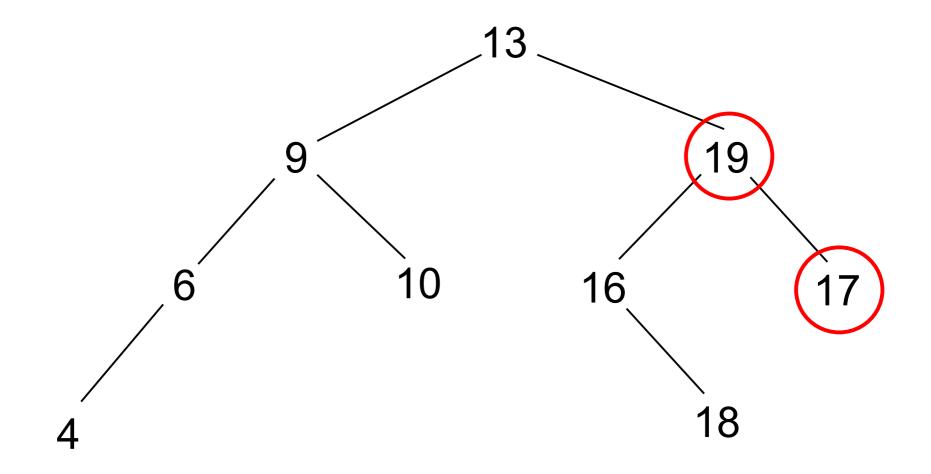




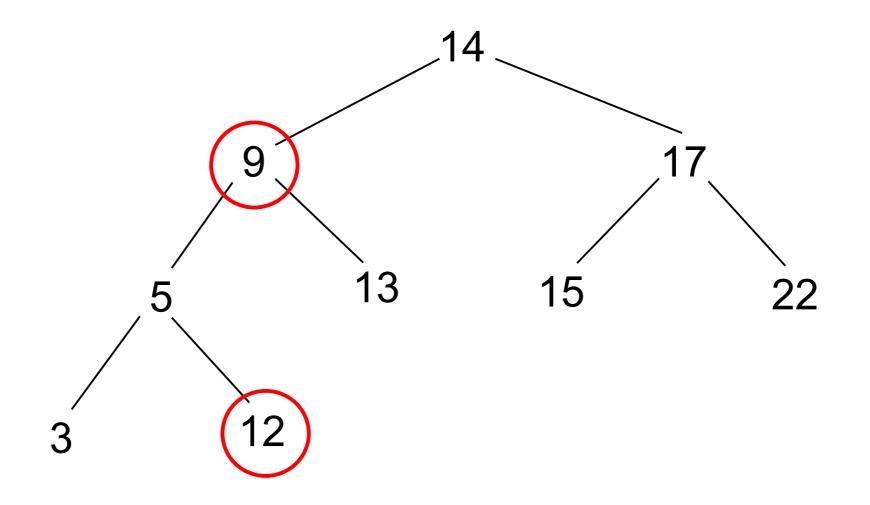
#### This is a valid binary search tree



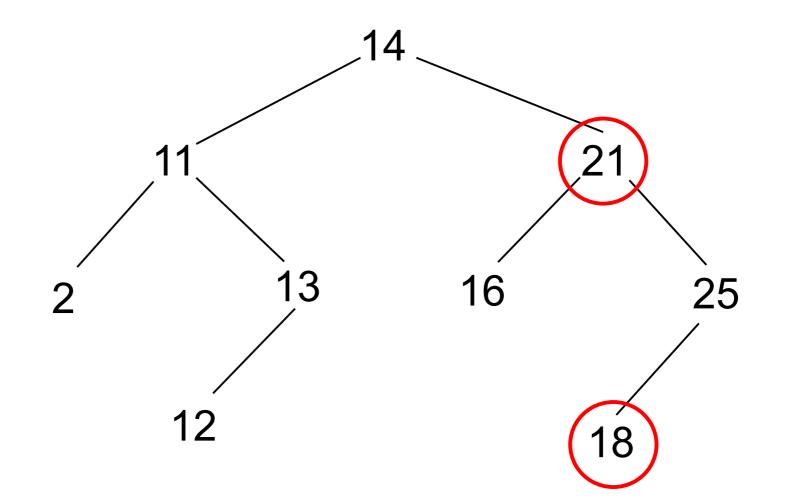
Violates BST property: 8 is not < 7



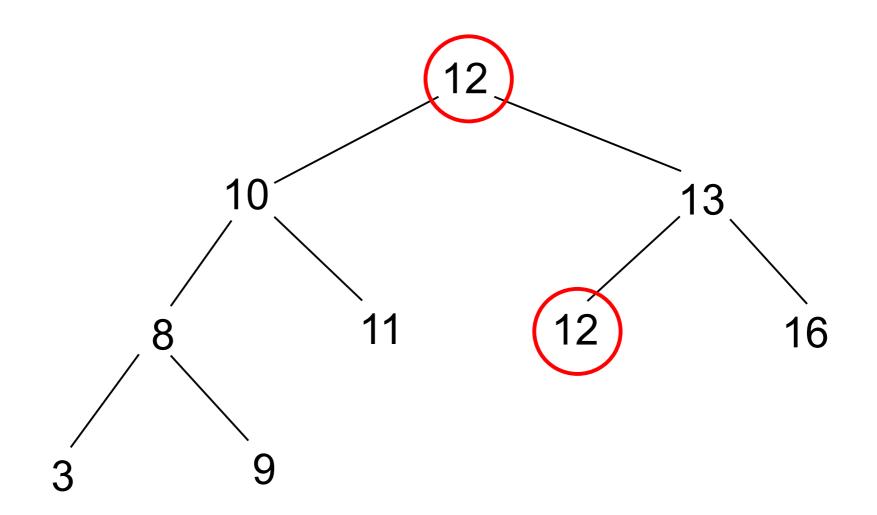
#### Violates BST property: 17 is not > 19



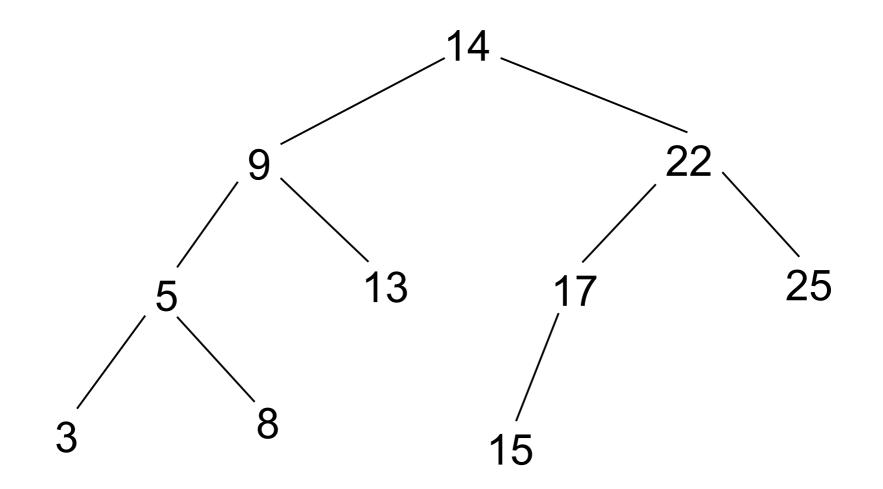
Violates BST property: 12 is not < 9



Violates BST property: 18 is not > 21

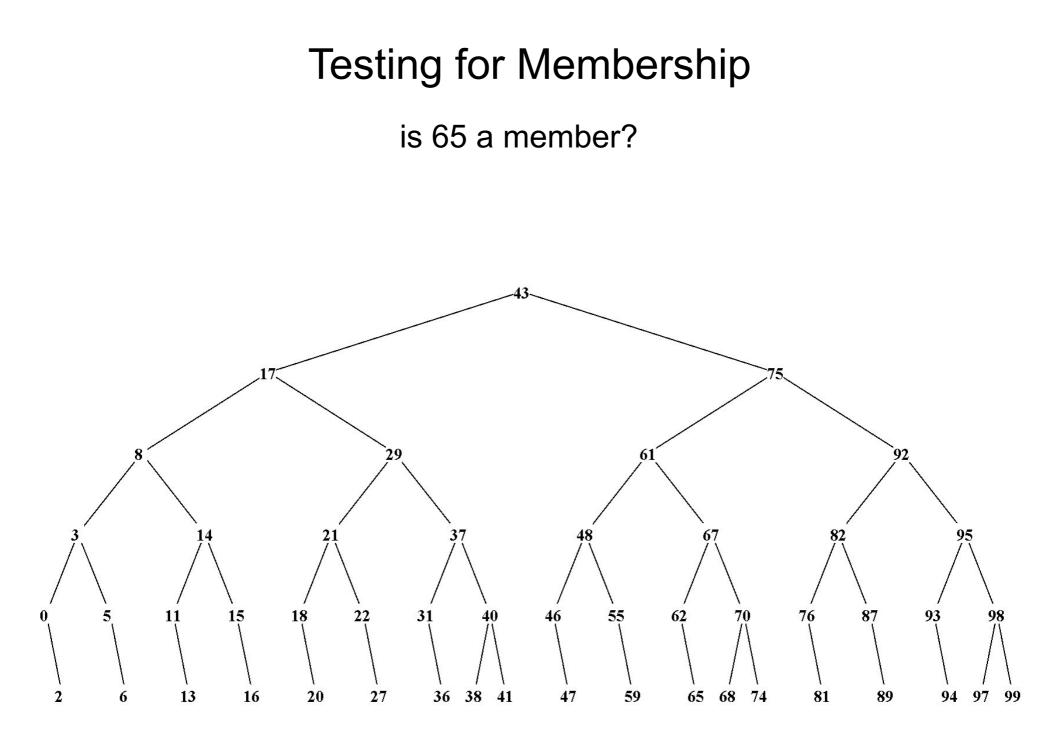


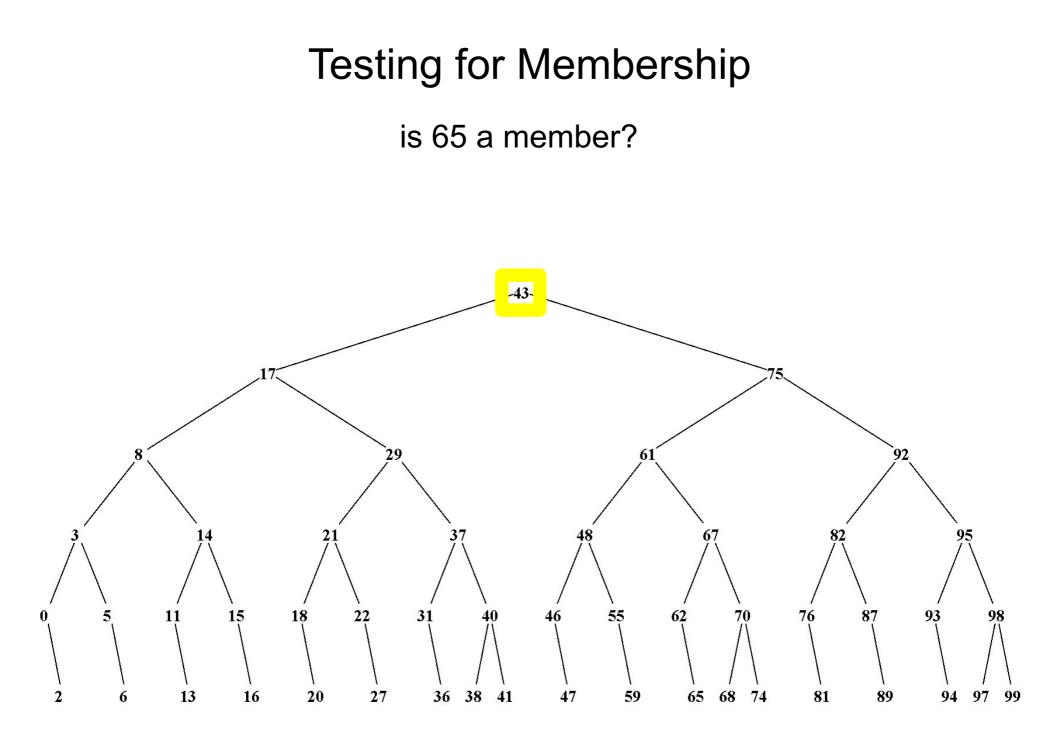
Duplicate elements are not allowed

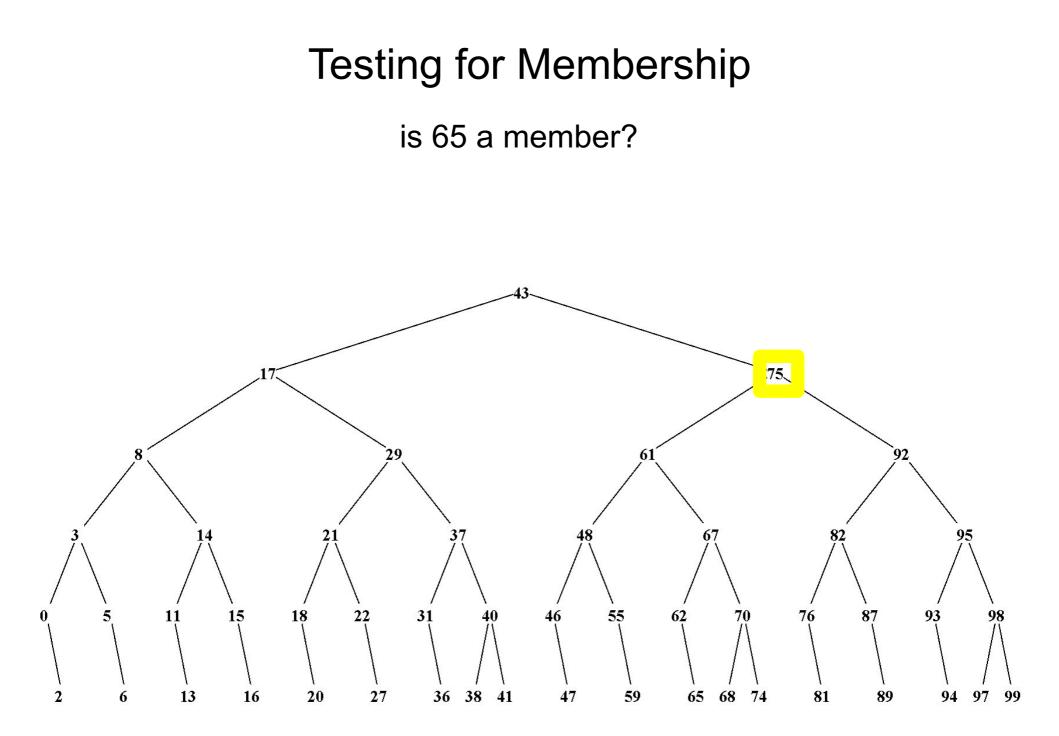


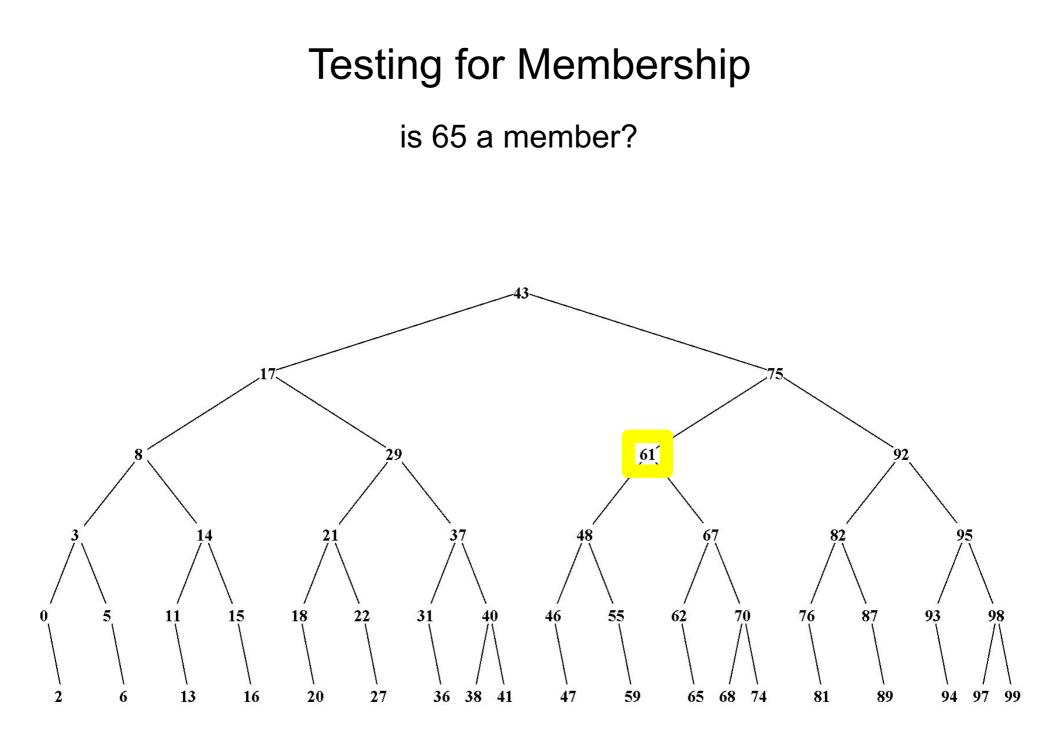
Binary search trees are good at representing sets

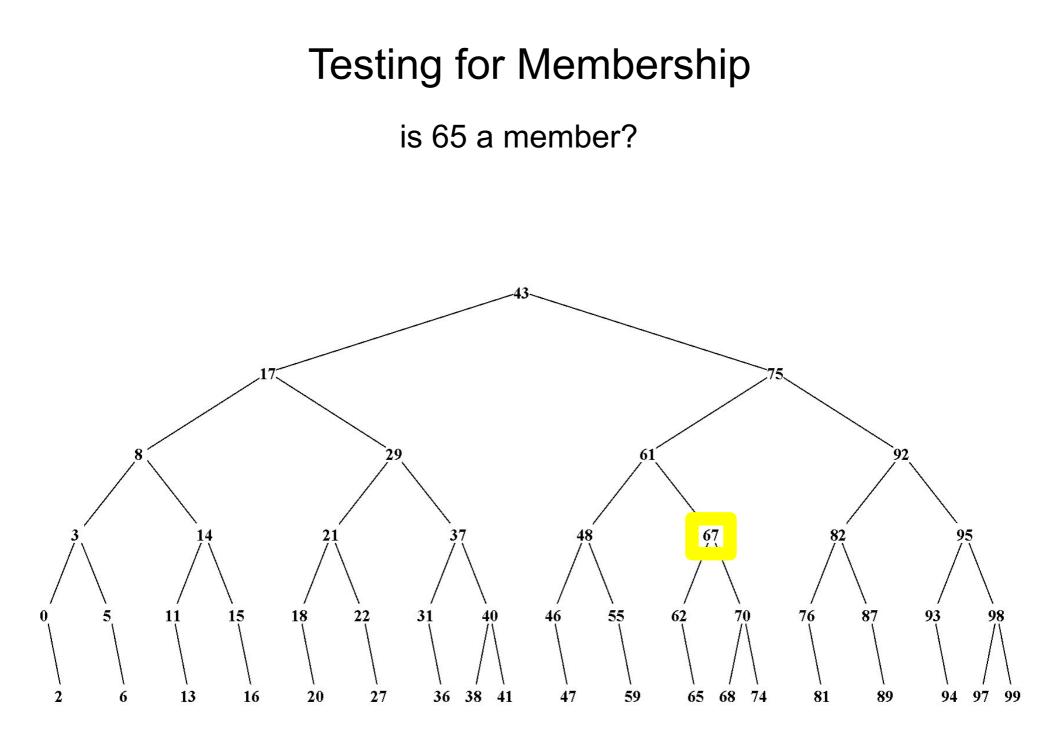
{ 3, 5, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 17, 22, 25 }

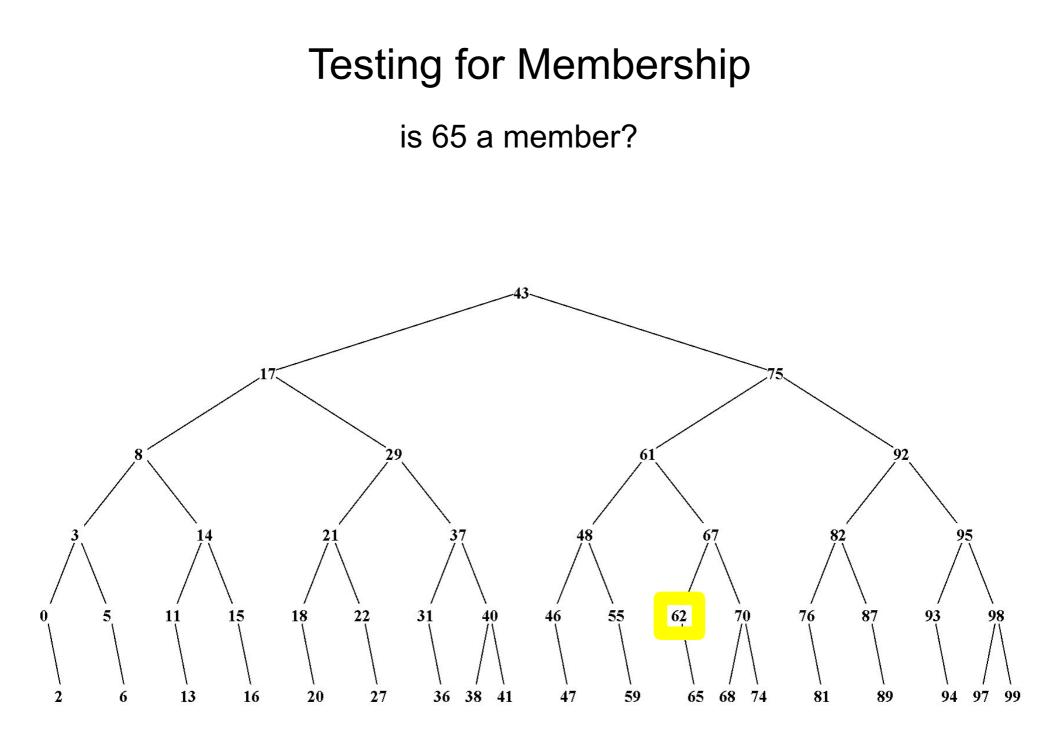


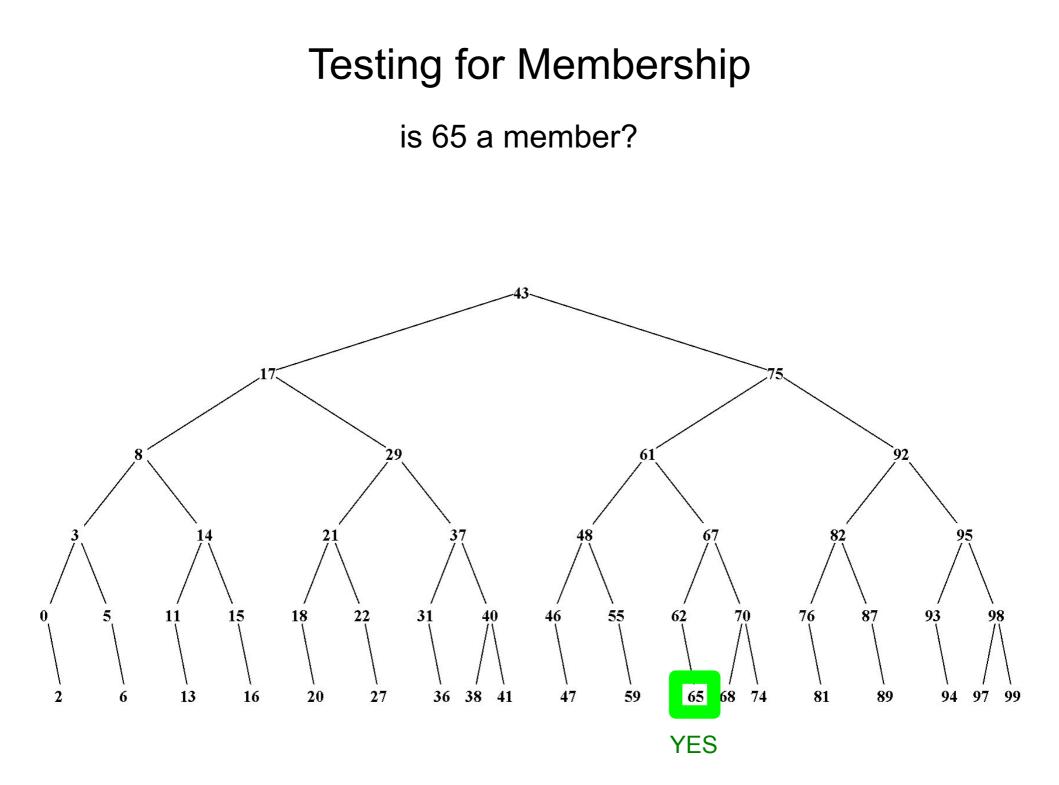


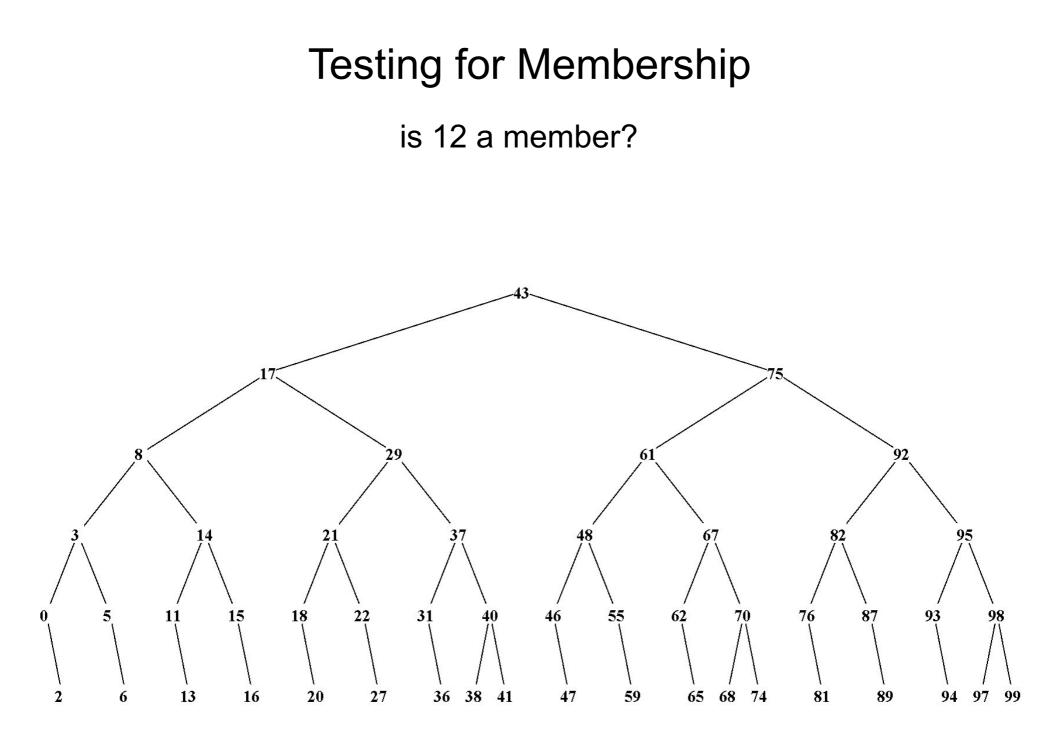


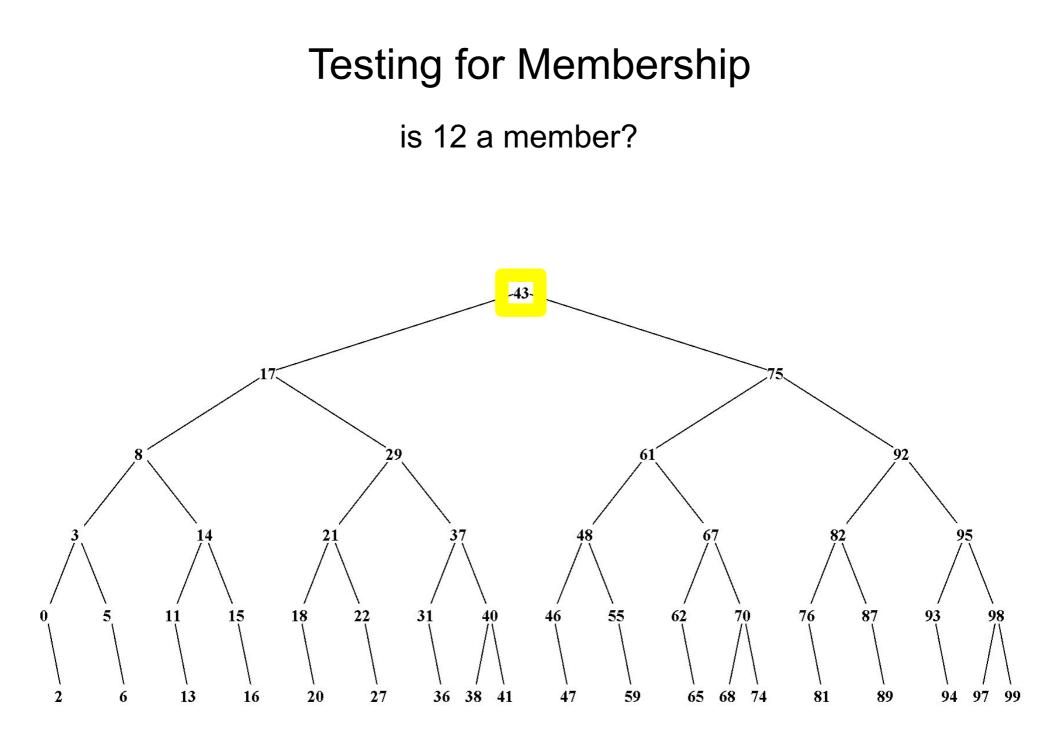


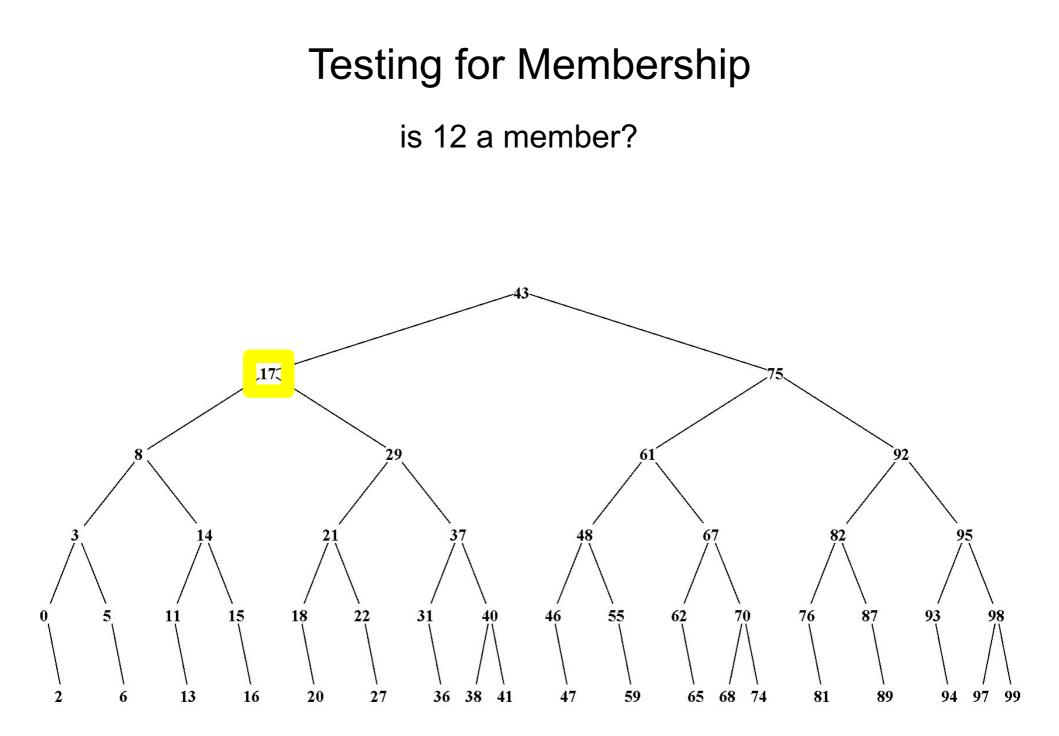


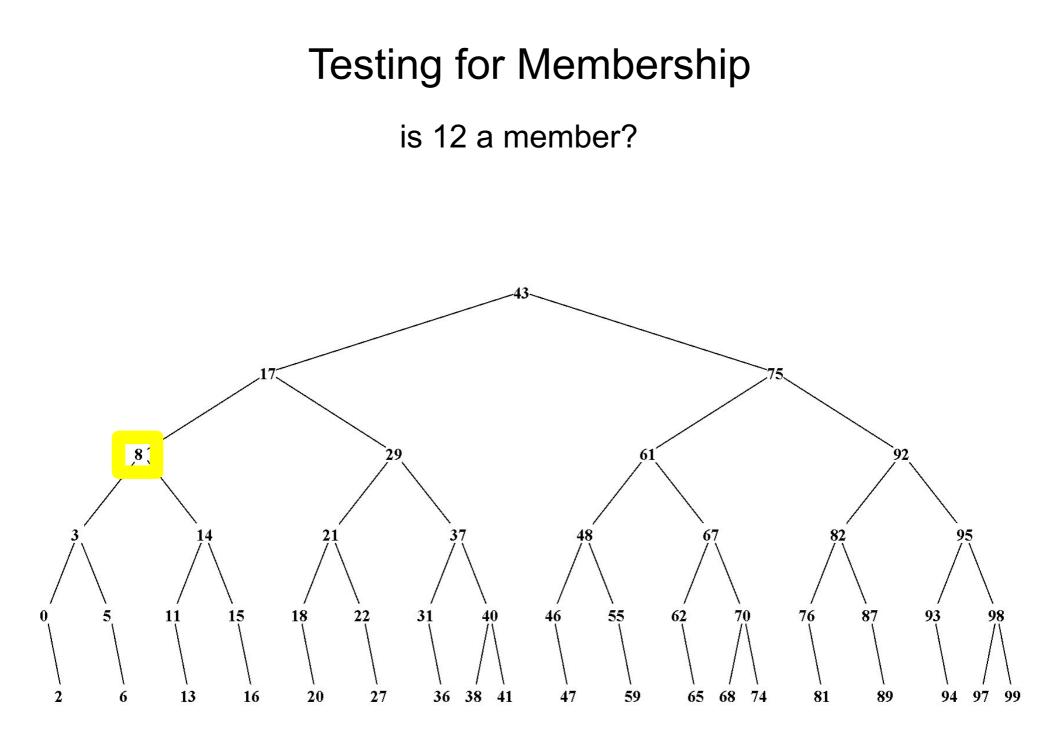


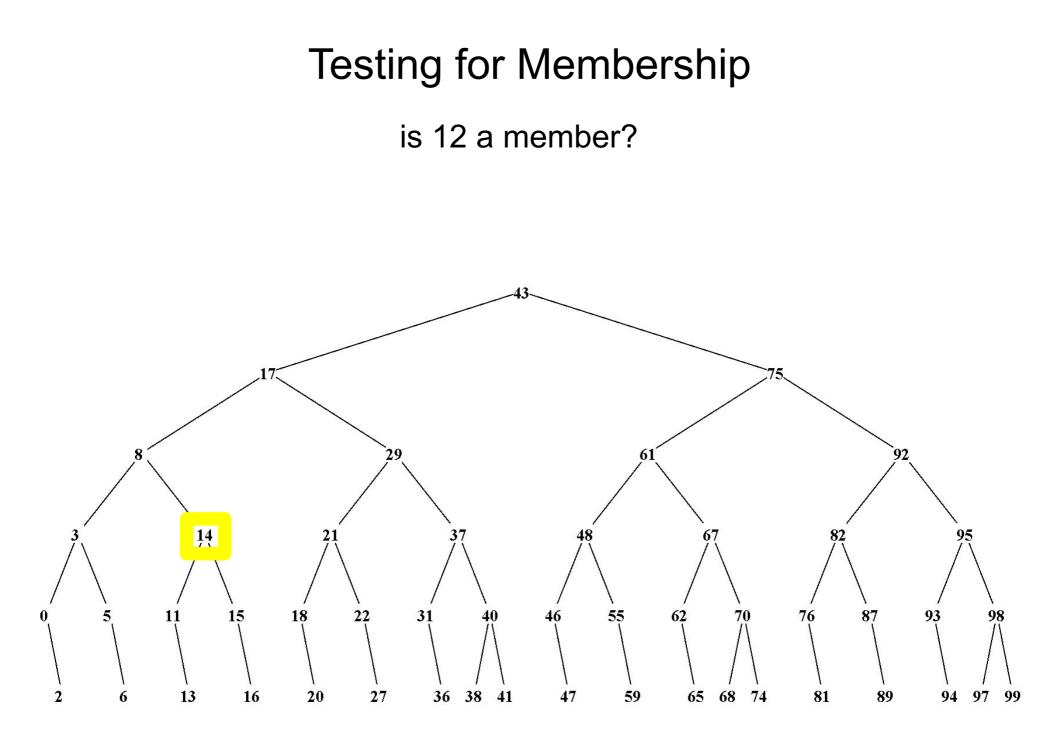


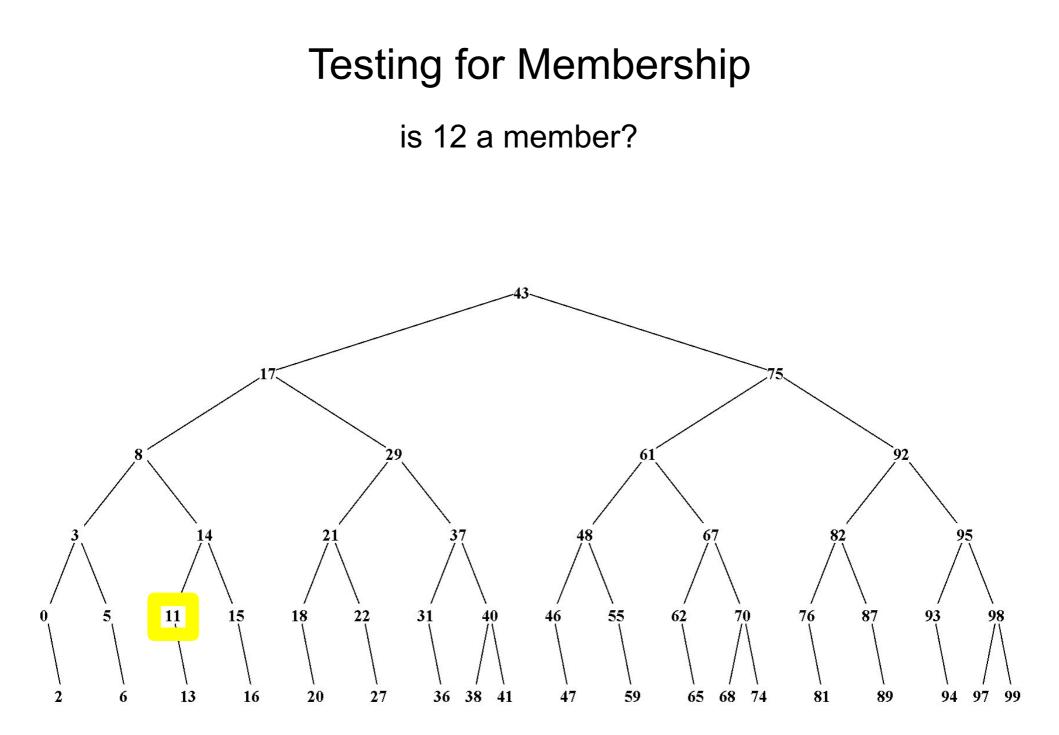


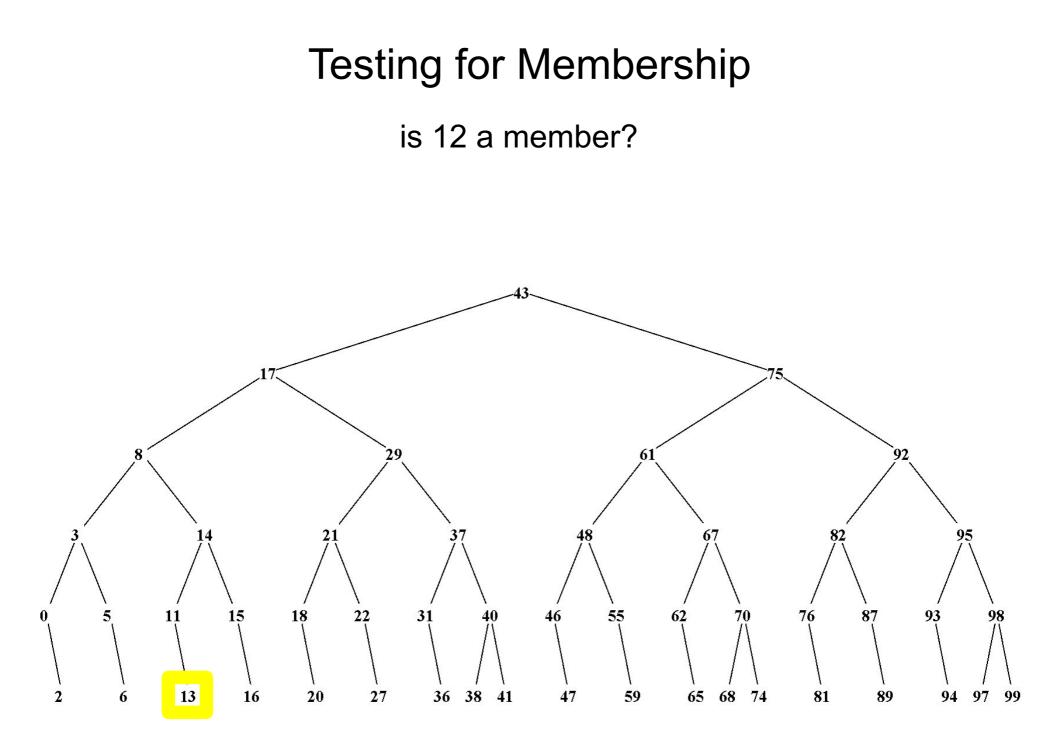


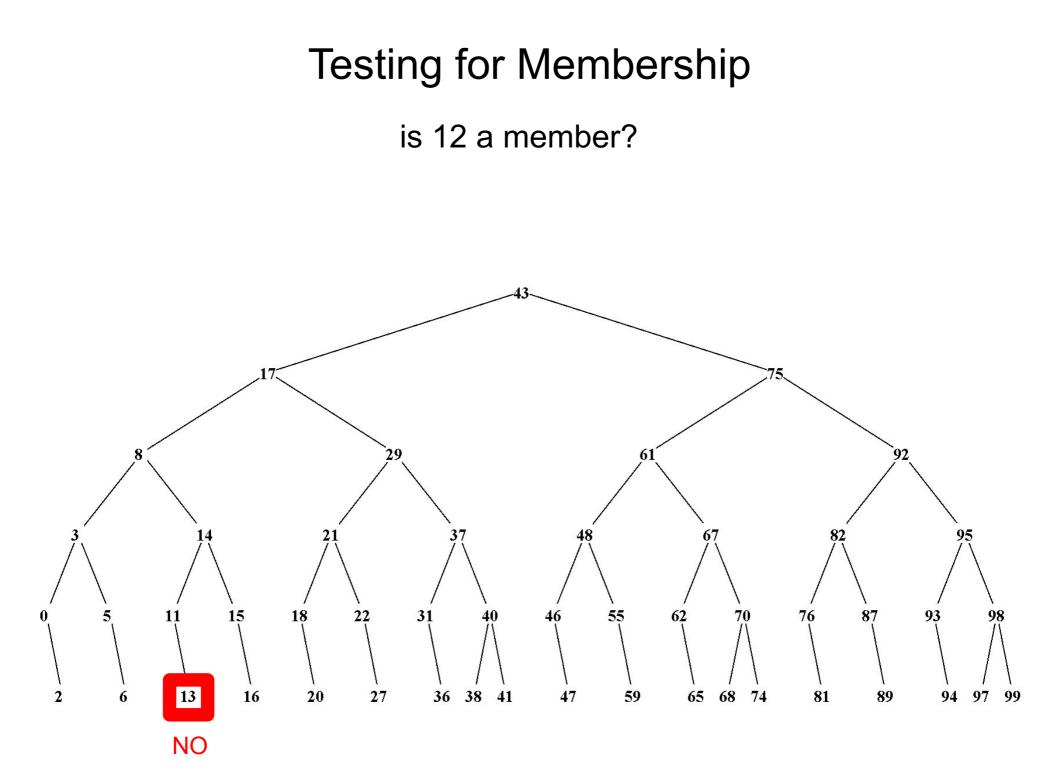






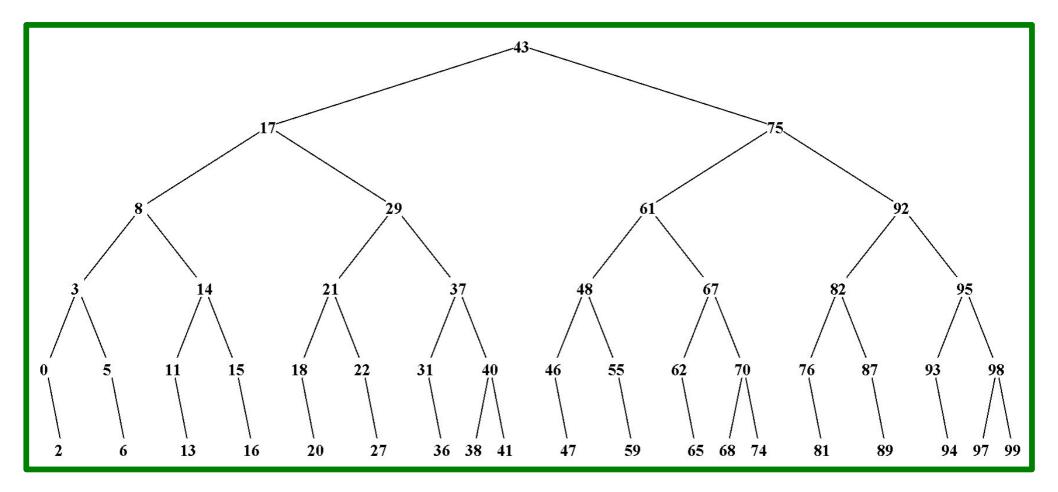




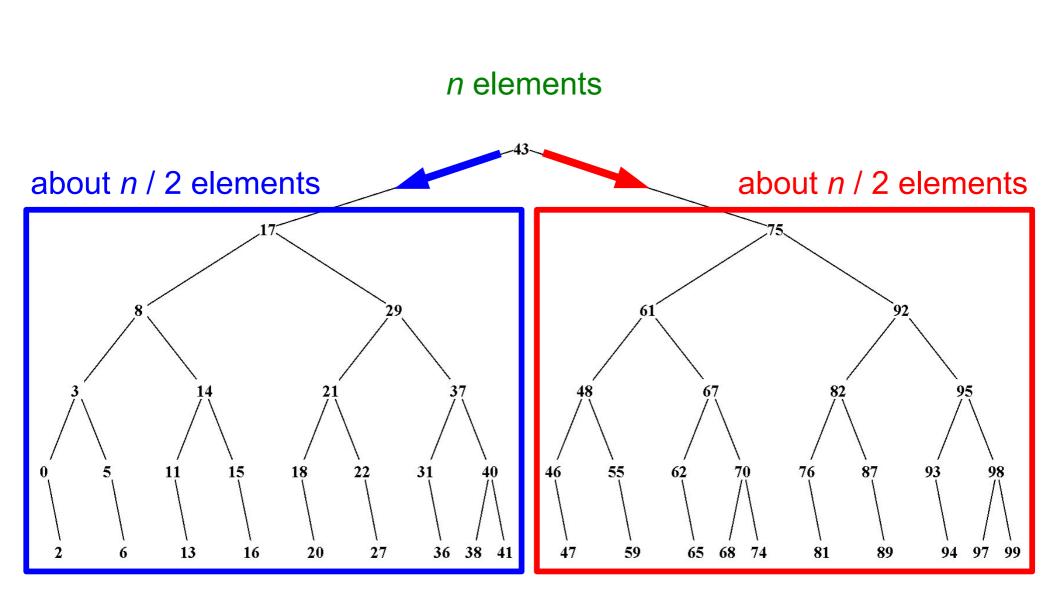


#### If the Tree is Balanced ...

#### *n* elements

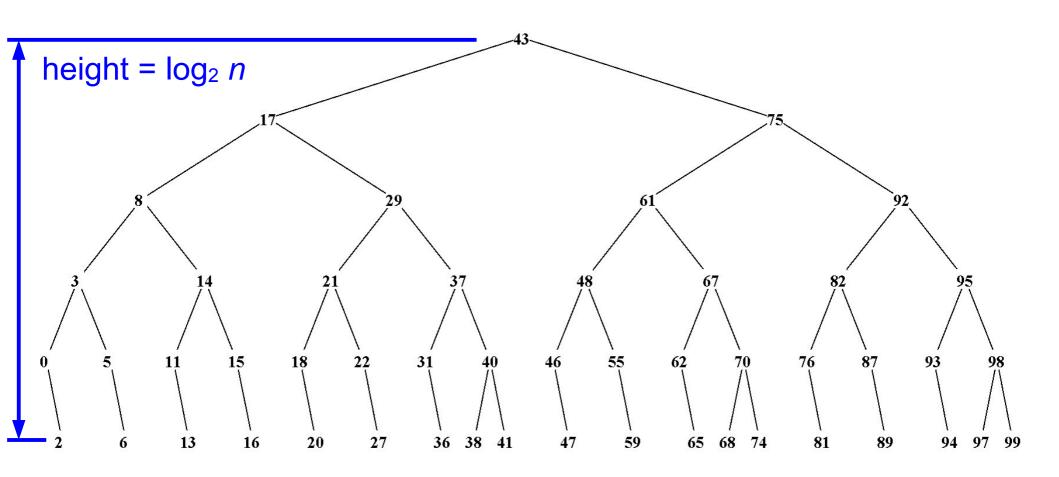


#### If the Tree is Balanced ...



#### If the Tree is Balanced ...

*n* elements



**Testing for Membership** 

